

# **Brief Industrial Profile of Fatehabad District**



सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM ENTERPRISES Our Strength — हमारी शक्ति

Carried out by:-

# MSME-Development Institute, Karnal

(Ministry of MSME, Govt. of India)

Phone: 0184-223 0882 Fax: 0184-2231862

e-mail: dcdi-karnal@dcmsme.gov.in Web - www.msmedikarnal.gov.in

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# **Brief Industrial Profile of District Fatehabad**

### 1. General Characteristics of the District

The district derives its name from the headquarters town Fatehabad. The town was founded by Firoz Shah Tughlak in the 14th century. He named it after his son Fateh Khan, as Fatehabad. The Fatehabad district was carved out of Hissar district on 15-07-1997.

Aryans at first on the banks of the rivers - the Saraswati and the Drishadvati, and in the course of their expansion covered a wider area of Hissar and Fatehabad. The area was probably included in the kingdom of Pandavas and their successors. Panini mentions quite a few towns of the region-Aisukari, Taushayana (Tohana) and Rori which have been identified with Hissar, Tohana and Rori, respectively. According to Puranas, the areas of Fatehabad district remained a part of Nanda Empire. The discovery of Ashokan pillars at Hissar and Fatehabad shows that the area of the district remained a part of Mauryan Empire. The people of Agroha area assisted Chandra Gupta Maurya in the war against Greeks.

After the fall of the Mauryas and Sungas, the Agras along with the Yaudheys - the republican tribes of the region-asserted for their independence. The Agras settled in the region covering Agroha and Barwala. They issued coins from Agroha, the capital headquarters. As attested by the discovery of coin-moulds and terracottas, the region was a part of Kushan Empire. According to A.S. Altekar, the Yaudheys made a second bid for independence towards the end of the 2nd century AD, came out successful in their venture and succeeded in freeing their home-land and ousting Kushans.

The early 11th century saw the Ghaznavid inroads in this area. Sultan Masud led the expeditions towards Agroha. The Chauhans seem to have taken special measures for protecting the area against Muslim incursions. The area of Agroha passed on to the Muslim rule after the defeat of Prithvi Raj III in the Second Battle of Tarain (1192).

After the Battle of Tarain, Sultan Shihab-ud-din Muhammad Ghuri placed one of his ablest generals in the Indian campaigns. But it appears that any meaningful control could not be established. Seizing the opportunity, a Rajput clan, Jatus, a branch of Tomar/ Tanwar Rajputs, widely extended their power in Fatehabad area including Agroha. Firuz (1351–88) shot these areas into prominence. The ruler came to have somewhat unusual fancy for the tract (Hissar). It is a great credit to him that he established new towns of Fatehabad and Hissar and built two canals; one taking off from Ghaggar at Phulad and following the course of Joiya up to the town of Fatehabad. After the death of Firuz (1388), chaos and confusion spread all round. The situation deteriorated still further when Timur invaded in 1398. During his marching, Timur invested Fatehabad which was captured without any opposition from the inhabitants. Lastly, the

invader reached Tohana but he could not set- up his permanent rule over the area. He soon left for Samana after looting these areas. The areas of Fatehabad came under the control of Mughals-Babar and Humayun. Maharaja Amar Singh of Patiala along with his famous minister Dewan Nanumal laid seize to the stronghold of Bighar near Fatehabad

There is a small and beautiful mosque known as Humanyun mosque at Fatehabad. The legend assigns the association of the mosque to the Mughal Emperor Humanyun who in his flight after his defeat at the hands of Sher Shah Suri happened to pass through Fatehabad. Fatehabad was one of important Mahals during Akbar's timeBy 1760, the areas became the scene of a sort of triangular duel between the sturdy Sikhs of north-east, marauding Bhattis of north-west and the Muslim chiefs of the south. None of them could, however, hold the region permanently except for the Bhattis who became the masters of Fatehabad pargana. In 1774, Maharaja Amar Singh of Patiala along with his famous minister Dewan Nanumal laid seize to the stronghold of Bighar near Fatehabad which fell shortly afterwards.

The Raja then took Fatehabad and Sirsa and invested Rania held by Bhattis. Tohana also was seized by the Chief of Patiala. But after a treaty of Jind in 1781, Fatehabad and Sirsa were made over to the Bhattis and remaining territories were allowed to be retained by the Sikhs. By 1798, Agroha and Tohana were important parganas under the control of George Thomas. When George Thomas was driven out from here by the Sikh-Maratha-French Confederacy, a French Officer Lt. Bourquian controlled these areas on behalf of Marathas. He is said to have rebuilt the towns of Tohana and Hissar. Later these areas were placed under the charge of Illias Beg, a Mughal noble of Hansi. With the treaty of Surji Anjangaon 1803, the British became the rulers of this area and Marathas were vanquished forever.

In November, 1884, the Sirsa district was abolished and Sirsa tahsil after the distribution of villages was formed. In 1889, 15 villages forming a detached block known as Budhlada were transferred from Kaithal tehsil to Fatehabad tehsil. The Barwala tehsil containing villages was abolished with effect from January 1, 1891 and its area was distributed between 3 contiguous tehsils; 13 villages going to Hansi, 24 to Hissar and 102 to Fatehabad. At the same time 13 villages were transferred from Hissar tahsil to Bhiwani tehsil and a sub-tehsil was established at Tohana in Fatehabad tehsil. In 1923, the Tohana sub-tahsil was transferred from Fatehabad to Hissar tehsil. In 1972, Tohana sub-tehsil was upgraded to tehsil. Two sub-tehsils, one at Ratia of tehsil of Fatehabad and other at Adampur of Hissar tahsil were created in 1979. By the end of 1978, the Hissar district comprised 486 villages, divided between tehsils of Fatehabad -166; Hissar-115, Hansi-119 and Tohana-86. Fatehabad came into existence as a full-fledged district with effect from 15-7-1997, now having three sub-divisions, three tehsils and three sub-tehsils.

### Climate

The climate of the district is of tropical type with intensively hot summer and cool winter, with a temperature of 47 in June and 2 C in December and January. The average rainfall of the district is 400 mm.

### Rainfall

The average annual rainfall in the district is 395.6 mm. The rainfall increases generally from the west towards the east and varies from 339.1 mm at Fatehabad to 428.4 mm at Hisar. About 71 percent of the annual normal rainfall is received during the short south-west monsoon period, July to September, July and August being the rainiest months.

### **Transport**

Fatehabad district is connected by road with Punjab, Delhi and Sirsa district. Railway lines still not installed in Fatehabad Town. A network of metalled roads link all its villages and towns. National Highway No.10 connects Fatehabad with Delhi and Punjab.

### **Demographics**

According to the 2011 census Fatehabad district has a population of 941,522, roughly equal to the nation of Fiji or the US state of Delaware. This gives it a ranking of 461st in India (out of a total of 640). The district has a population density of 371 inhabitants per square kilometre (960/sq mi). Its population growth rate over the decade 2001-2011 was 16.79 %. Fatehabad has a sex ratio of 903 females for every 1000 males and a literacy rate of 69.1 %.

# 1.1 Location & Geographical Area.

Fatehabad is located at 29.52°N 75.45°E. It has an average elevation of 208 metres (682 feet). It is located in the south western part of Haryana. It is surrounded by Punjab in North, district Hissar in south, district Jind in East and Rajasthan and district Sirsa in the West. The geographical area of the district is 2520 km². which is 5.4 % of the state share.

# 1.2 Topography

The district Fatehabad is an alluvial plain of indo-gegetic basin. No perennial river flows through the district, however a seasonal river i.e Ghaggar is flowing through Ratia and Jakhal. Bhakra and western Yamuna are two main canals that irrigate most of the part of district.

# 1.3 Availability of Minerals.

In Fatehabad district, sand mineral is available however, as per the Order of Hon'ble Punjab & Haryana High Court, mining in Haryana is banned from 2010 to till date. Since there is ban therefore there is no production.

#### 1.4 FOREST

The total forest area of district Fatehabad is 40 Sq Km which is the 1.58 % of the total geographical area of the district.

### 1.5 Administrative set up.

District	Sub-Division	Tehsil	Sub-Tehsil	Blocks
Fatehabad	Fatehabad	Fatehabad	Bhuna	Fatehabad
	Tohana	Tohana	Bhattu	Tohana
	Ratia	Ratia	Jakhal	Ratia
				Bhuna
				Bhattu
				Jakhal

### **Deputy Commissioner**

The Deputy Commissioner is overall in-charge of the general administration in the district. He is under the administrative control of Commissioner, Hisar Division, Hisar. In fact, the state government authorities descend through the Divisional Commissioner to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner has to perform triple functions, as he is at once the Deputy Commissioner, the District Magistrate and the Collector.

As Deputy Commissioner, he is the executive head of the district with multifarious responsibilities. There is hardly any aspect of district administration with which he is not concerned in one way or the other. He has a special role to play in the Panchayati Raj. In addition to keeping an eye on the working of Panchayti Raj institutions, he guides the Panchayats, Panchayat Samitis, municipalities, market committees and improvement trusts and helps them to overcome difficulties and problems.

As District Magistrate, he is responsible for the maintenance of law and order in the district. He is the principal executive magistrate for the enforcement of the security measures and exercises

judicial powers under certain sections of the preventive chapters of the code of criminal procedure. Two Sub-Divisional Officers (civil) and Tehsildars and Naib-Tehsildars assist him in the work. The Superintendent of police who heads the police force in the district assists the District Magistrate to maintain law and order.

As Collector, he is the chief officer of the revenue administration in the district and is responsible for collection of revenue and all dues recoverable as arrears of land revenue. He is the highest revenue judicial authority in the district. The Sub-Divisional Officers, Tehsildars, Naib-Tehsildars, Kanungos and Patwaris assist him in the revenue work.

#### **Sub-Divisional Officer (Civil)**

The Sub-Divisional Officer is the chief civil officer of the sub-division. In fact, he is a miniature Deputy Commissioner of the sub-division. He is competent to correspond direct with the government and other departments on routine matters. He has to perform executive, magisterial and revenue duties. His executive duties pertain to the maintenance of law an order, development, local bodies, motor taxation, passport, issue and renewal of arms licenses, Sub-divisional establishment, etc. As Sub-Divisional Magistrate, he enforces security measures for the maintenance of Law and Order and exercises judicial powers under certain sections of the preventive chapters of the code of Criminal Procedure. An appeal from the orders of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate in such cases lies with the District and Sessions Judge. In the revenue matters he is Assistant collector Grade I. but under certain Acts, the powers of collector have been delegated to him.

#### Tehsildar / Naib-Tehsildar

The Tehsildar and Naib-Tehsildar are the key officers in the revenue administration and exercise powers of the Assistant Collector Grade II While deciding partition cases, the Tehsildar assumes powers of Assistant Collector Grade I. The Tehsildar and Naib-Tehsildar perform the functions of Sub-Registrar There main task being revenue collection and supervision; the Tehsildar and the Naib-Tehsildar have to tour extensively in their areas. They are principally responsible for the duties, they assist the development staff in their various activities in the execution of development staff in their various activities in the execution of the development plans, construction of roads, drains, embankments, soil conservation and reclamation, pavement of streets, filling of depressions and work connected with rural reconstruction.

### **Police**

The police administration in the district is under the Superintendent of police, who, next to the Deputy Commissioner is responsible for the maintenance of law and order. He is assisted by

Deputy Superintendent. The Superintendent of police functions under the administrative control of the Inspector General of Police, Hisar Range, Hisar.

### **Judiciary**

The organization of civil and criminal justice in the district is headed by the District and Sessions Judge. The District & Session Judge is assisted by 5 Additional District & Session Judges. One Senior Sub-Judge ,1 Chief Judicial Magistrate ,2 Additional Senior Sub Judges and 5 Sub Judges help the District and Sessions Judge in the administration of civil and criminal justice in the district.

## 2. <u>District at a glance</u>

S.No	Particular	Year	Unit	Statistics
1	Geographical features			
(A)	Geographical features			
	i) Latitude			29°31'
	ii) Longitude			75°27'
	iii) Geographical Area		Sq. Mtr	2538
(B)	Administrative Units			
	i) Sub divisions		Nos	3
	ii) Tehsils		Nos	3
	iii) Sub-Tehsil		Nos	3
	iv) Patwar Circle		Nos	NA
	v) Panchayat Simitis		Nos	6
	vi)Nagar nigam		Nos	
	vii) Nagar Palika		Nos	3
	viii) Gram Panchayats		Nos	245
	xi) Revenue villages		Nos	
	x) Assembly Area		Nos	3
2.	Population			
(A)	Sex-wise			
	i) Male	2011	Nos	494834
	ii) Female	2011	Nos	446688
(B)	Rural Population	2011	Nos	762182
3.	Agriculture			
A.	Land utilization			
	i) Total Area	2010-11	Hectare	249000
	ii) Forest cover	2010-11	"	Less than 500 Hect
	iii) Non Agriculture Land	2010-11	"	21000

	v) cultivable Barren land	2010-11	44	2000
4.	Forest	<u> </u>		
	(i) Forest	2010-11	Hectare	480
5.	Livestock & Poultry	<u> </u>		
A.	Cattle			
	i) Cows	2010-11	Nos.	1552361
	ii) Buffaloes	2010-11	Nos.	5953228
B.	Other livestock			
	i) Goats	2010-11	Nos.	16121
	ii) Pigs	2010-11	Nos.	2321
	iii) Dogs & Bitches	2010-11	Nos.	15983
	iv)Railways			
	i) Length of rail line	2010-11	Kms	1220 (The railway administration prepares the railway statistics division wise and not station wise or section wise. On the reorganization of Punjab state, about 1220 Km of rail length came to the share of Haryana state.)
	v) Roads			
	(a) National Highway	2010-11	Kms	41
	(b) State Highway	2010-11	Kms	1495
	(c) Main District Highway	2010-11	Kms	
	(d) Other district & Rural Roads	2010-11	Kms	
	(e) Rural road/ Agriculture Marketing Board Roads	2010-11	Kms	
	(f) Kachacha Road	2010-11	Kms	
	vi) Communication		KIIIS	
	(a) Telephone connection	2010-11		
	(b) Post offices	2010-11	Nos.	132
	(c) Telephone center	2010-11	Nos.	46

	(d )Density of Telephone	2010-11	Nos./1000	
	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		person	
•	(e) Density of Telephone	2010-11	No. per KM.	
•	(f) PCO Rural	2010-11	No.	
-	(g) PCO STD	2010-11	No.	604
-	(h) Mobile	2010-11	No.	
	vii) Public Health			All Govt Hospitals
				- 132
	(a) Allopathic Hospital	2010-11	No.	02
•	(b) Beds in Allopathic		No.	
	hospitals			266
				(This is inclusive of
				beds in Ayurvedic
				and Allopathic
				Hospitals in
				Fatehabad District)
	(c) Ayurvedic Hospital		No.	18
•	(d) Beds in Ayurvedic		No.	
	hospitals			
	(e) Unani hospitals		No.	
•	(f) Community health		No.	02
	centers			
	(g) Primary health centers		No.	16
•	(h) Dispensaries			01
•	(i) Sub Health Centers		No.	106
	(j) Private hospitals		No.	12
	viii) Banking commercial			
	(a) Commercial Bank		Nos.	75
	(b) rural Bank Products		Nos.	21
•	(c) Co-Operative bank		Nos.	29
	products			
•	(d) PLDB Branches		Nos.	04
	ix) Education			
	(a) Primary school		Nos.	496
	(b) Middle schools		Nos.	147
•	(c) Secondary & senior		Nos.	197
	secondary schools			
	(d) Colleges		Nos.	20
	(e) Technical University		Nos.	

# 2.1 Existing Status of Industrial Areas in the District

S.	Name	Land	Land	Prevailing	No of	No of	No of	No. of
No.	of	acquired	developed	Rate Per	Plots	allotted	Vacant	Units in
	Ind.	(In	(In	Sqm		Plots	Plots	Production
	Area	hectare)	hectare)	(In Rs.)				
1	Rural	2.90 Acre	2.90 Hec	Rs. 3000	8	5	3	2
	Indl.			Per SQ Yd				
	Estate							
	Total	2.90 Acre	2.90 Hec	Rs. 3000	8	5	3	2
				Per SQ Yd				

## 3. <u>INDUSTRIAL SCENERIO OF FATEHABAD</u>

# 3.1 Industry at a Glance

Sr. No	Head	Unit	Particulars
1.	REGISTERED INDUSTRIAL UNIT	NO.	1125
2.	TOTAL INDUSTRIAL UNIT	NO.	5000
3.	REGISTERED MEDIUM & LARGE	NO.	03
	UNIT		
4.	ESTIMATED AVG. NO. OF DAILY	NO.	3500
	WORKER EMPLOYED IN SMALL		
	SCALE INDUSTRIES		
5.	EMPLOYMENT IN LARGE AND	NO.	389
	MEDIUM INDUSTRIES		
6.	NO. OF INDUSTRIAL AREA	NO.	01
7.	TURNOVER OF SMALL SCALE	IN LACS	27525
	IND.		
8.	TURNOVER OF MEDIUM &	IN LACS	3614
	LARGE SCALE INDUSTRIES		

### 3.2 YEAR WISE TREND OF UNITS REGISTERED

YEAR	NUMBER OF	EMPLOYMENT	INVESTMENT
	REGISTERED	(Nos)	(lakh Rs.)
	UNITS (Nos)		

Up to	Since 1984 to	1008	3447	2135.26
	2001			
	2001-2002	21	73	22.48
	2002-03	29	155	78.55
	2003-04	7	103	28.18
	2004-05	1	16	3.25
	2005-06	1	17	2.63
	2006-07	4	109	46.00
	2007-08	2	61	5.00
	2008-09	17	375	155.50
	2009-10	21	295	317.35
	2010-11	14	181	346.50
	Total	1125	4832	3141.70

Source: DIC Fatehabad

# 3.3 DETAILS OF EXISTING MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISES AND ARTISAN UNITS IN THE DISTRICT

NIC	TYPE OF	NUMBER	INVESTMET	EMPLOYMENT
CODE	INDUSTRY	OF	(Lakh Rs.)	(Nos.)
NO.		UNITS		
20	Agro based	213	1456.45	1827
22	Soda water	-	-	-
23	Cotton textile			
24.	Woolen, silk & artificial Thread	-	-	-
	based clothes.			
25.	Jute & jute based	-	-	-
26.	Ready-made garments &	98	260.00	209
	embroidery			
27.	Wood/wooden based furniture	119	305.00	232
28.	Paper & Paper products	22	-	88
29.	Leather based	94	102.00	400
31.	Chemical/Chemical based	5	80.00	54
30.	Rubber, Plastic & petro based	28	345.25	640
32.	Mineral based	8	30.75	266
33.	Metal based (Steel Fab.)			
35.	Engineering units	57	73.50	216
36.	Electrical machinery and transport	1	3.50	5
	equipment			
97.	Repairing & servicing	410	397.25	845

01.	Others	92	88.00	138
	Kachori Making	NA	NA	NA
	Total	1125	3141.70	4832

# 3.4 Large Scale Industries / Public Sector undertakings

### List of the Medium and Large Scale units in Fatehabad & Near By Area

- 1. M/s. Nuchem Ltd., Tohana, Distt. Fatehabad
- 2. M/s. Wahid Sarhand, Bhuna
- 3. HAFED, Ratia, Fatehabad

### 3.5 Major Exportable Item:-

Rice

### 3.6 Growth Trend:

In past 3 hears, the growth is around 12%.

### 3.7 Vendorisation / Ancillarisation of the Industry:

There are about 98 ancillary units to above medium and large units. The addresses can be taken directly from them.

# 3.8 Service Enterprises

### 3.8.1 Potentials areas for service industry:-

Auto workshops, mobile repairing, restaurant, electrical appliances, computer maintenance etc.

### 3.9 Potential for new MSMEs :-

Agro based and food processing, rice, garments, stationary, Ups, packaging

**4.** Existing Clusters of Micro & Small Enterprise: There is no major cluster in the district of Fatehabad except rice.

### 4.1 DETAILS OF MAJOR CLUSTERS

One Cluster of Handloom weaver is in the process of development at village Bighar.

4.1.1 **Manufacturing Sector:** - Handloom items

**4.1.2 Service Sector :-** Auto workshop, UPS assembly

## 4.2 **Details for Identified cluster**

#### 4.2.1 Name of the cluster

1	Principal Products Manufactured	Durries, Khes, Chadder & Bed Sheets
	in the Cluster	
2	Name of the SPV	Yet to be formed
3	No. of functional units in the	Around 25
	clusters	
4	Turnover of the Clusters	10 crores
5	Value of Exports from the	NA
	Clusters	
6	Employment in Cluster	300
7	Average investment in plant &	5 lakhs to 10 lakhs
	Machinery	
8	Major Issues / requirement	
9	Presence of capable institutions	no
10	Thrust Areas	
11	Problems & constraints	Export, quality and testing lab including CFC

# 5. General issues raised by industry association during the course of meeting

- a. Tough competition for marketing the product in the national market.
- b. Finance to micro unit is not available and there are hurdles with the Bankers because of policy of bankers.
- c. Rate of interest is very high as compared to other countries.
- d. Non availability of infrastructural and industrial estates.
- e. Not availability of water and electricity.
- f. Non availability of skilled labour.
- g. No direct railway connectivity from the District.

# 6. STEPS TO SET UP MSMEs

Following are the brief description of different agencies for rendering assistance to the entrepreneurs.

S.No	Type of assistance	Name and address of
		agencies
1.	Provisional Registration Certificate	Joint Director
	(EM-1) & Permanent Registration Certificate	District Industries Centre,
	(EM-II)	Fatehabad
2.	Identification of Project Profiles, techno-	MSME-DI, 11-A, Near ITI,
	economic and managerial consultancy	Kunjpura Road, Karnal
	services, market survey and economic survey	
	reports.	
3.	Land and Industrial shed	HSIIDC, Fatehabad
4.	Financial Assistance	LDM, Punjab National
		Bank/Nationalized Banks
5.	For raw materials under Govt. Supply	NSIC, Chandigarh
6.	Plant and machinery under hire / purchase	-do-
	basis.	
7.	Power/ Electricity	HVPNL, Fatahabad
8.	Technical Know -how.	MSME-DI, 11-A, Near ITI,
		Kunjpura Road, Karnal
9.	Quality & Standard	BIS, Northern Regional Office,
		SCO-335-336, Sec 34-A,
		Chandigarh
10.	Marketing /Export Assistance	MSME-DI, Karnal
		& NSIC, Chandigarh
11.	Other Promotional Agencies	KVIC, Chandigarh and
		Ambala

7. Additional information, if any: NIL

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