

Brief Industrial Profile of Bilaspur District



सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

Carried out by

MSME-Development Institute

Chambaghat, Solan (H.P.)

(Ministry of MSME, Govt. of India,) Phone: -01792-230766 Fax: 01792-230766

E-mail: dcdi-solan@dcmsme.gov.in Web- www.sisihimachal.nic.in

Contents

S. No.	Topic	Page
		No.
1.	General Characteristics of the District	3
1.1	Location & Geographical Area	4
1.2	Topography	6
1.3	Availability of Minerals.	7
1.4	Forest	8
1.5	Administrative set up	10
2.	District at a glance	11
2.1	Existing Status of Industrial Area in the District Bilaspur	14
3.	Industrial Scenario Of Bilaspur	15
3.1	Industry at a Glance	15
3.2	Year Wise Trend Of Units Registered	16
3.3	Details Of Existing Micro & Small Enterprises & Artisan Units In The District	17
3.4	Large Scale Industries / Public Sector undertakings	18
3.5	Major Exportable Item	18
3.6	Growth Trend	18
3.7	Vendorisation / Ancillarisation of the Industry	18
3.8	Medium Scale Enterprises	18
3.8.1	List of the units inBilaspur & near by Area	18
3.8.2	Major Exportable Item	18
3.9	Service Enterprises	18
3.9.1	Coaching Industry	18
3.9.2	Potentials areas for service industry	18
3.10	Potential for new MSMEs	18
5.	General issues raised by industry association during the course of meeting	18
6	Steps to set up MSMEs	19

Brief Industrial Profile of Bilaspur District

1. General Characteristics of the District

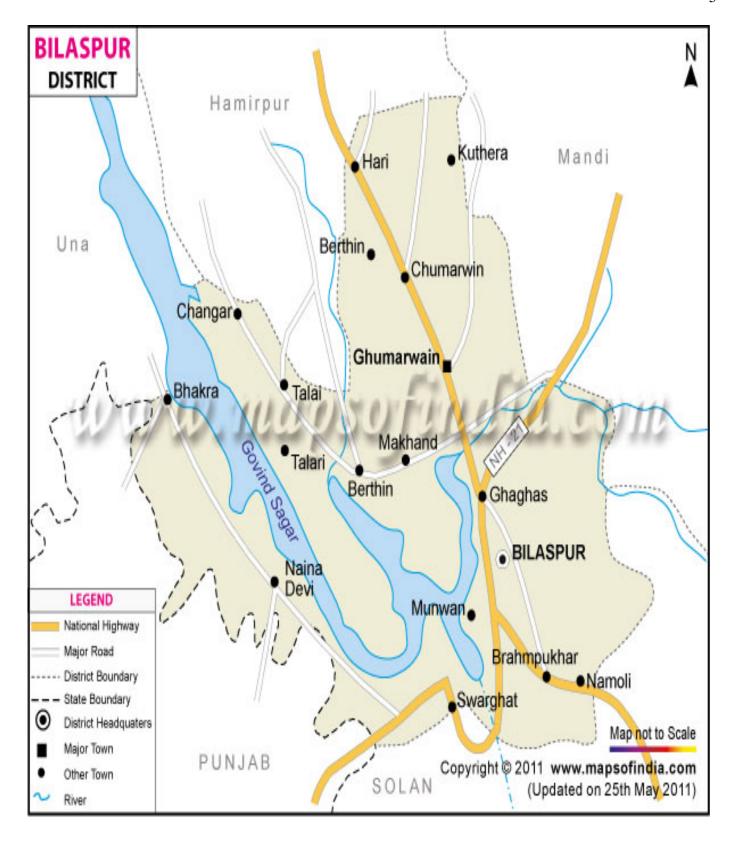
Bilaspur is a district of Himachal Pradesh state, India. It contains the manmade Govind Sagar Lake on the Sutlej River which acts as the reservoir for the Bhakra and Nangal Dam project. The road bridge on this lake at Kandraur is highest of its kind in Asia. Its headquarters are in the town of Bilaspur. The district has an area of 1,167 km², and a population of 340,735 (2001 census) .The areas that is now Bilaspur District was formerly known as Kahlur, a princely state of British India. The ruler acceded to the Government of India on 12 October 1948, and Bilaspur was made an Indian state under a chief commissioner. The state of Bilaspur was merged with Himachal Pradeshn1July1954, andbecameBilaspurDistrict. Where the echoes of the past mingle with the tomorrow - Bilaspur. The Bilaspur district is situated in Satluj valley in the outer hills and covers area of 1,167 sq. Kms. Its boundaries touch Una, Hamirpur, Mandi and Solan districts. Satluj is the main river which passes through of the district and divides it the middle into almost The new town(Bilaspur), on the bank of the Gobindsagar lake of the Bhakra Dam is 64 km from Kiratpur on the Chandigarh-Manali National Highway No.21. In the dim past, many centuries age, Rishi Vyas came to the bank of the Satluj river to do penance in the verdant and fertile, obong district abounding in low hills, forests, grazing lands, rivulets and streams. In the Bilaspur is a Vyas Gufa. In the Vyas Gufa, which draws a continuous host of tourists and pilgrims, the Rishi who penned the Mahabharata, lived as he prepared himself for the arduous task, which he was to perform latter in another GUFA in the Uttrakhand way up in the celestial heights of the mighty Himalayas. Here too, are the ancient Lakshmi Narayan and Radhey Shyam temples, which along with the VYAS GUFA, escaped being submerged by the swirling water of the dam as modern man's monument to nature clashed with the old. The Satluj, which rises in the snows of the Tibet, is crossed by the Dhaula Dhar in the lower regions of the Himalayas above Rampur, creating wide terraces, highly developed and populated. The Bilaspur Dam height is 225 meter and that dam is highest in the world.

Administratively, the district is divided into three tehsils, Ghumarwin, Bilaspur Sadar, and Jhandutta. Jhandutta was created out of Ghumarwin in January 1998. Naina Devi is a sub-tehsil of Bilaspur Sadar, and was created in January 1980.

1.1 Location & Geographical Area.

The Bilaspur district lies between 31°12′30″ and 31°35′45″ North latitude and between 76°23′45″ and 76°55′40″ East longitude in the outer hills of the Himalayas next to the Punjab plains and forms a part of the basin of river Satluj which flows meandering across it for about ninety kilometers. It covers an area of 1,167 sq. kms. Its boundaries touch Una, Hamirpur, Mandi and Solan districts. Satluj is the main river which passes through the middle of the district and divides it into almost equal parts.





CLIMATE: Winters ranges from October to March or mid April, having temperature around freezing point, all day fog is there that means no sunlight. Summers ranges from April to September, having temperature from 18 to 48 degree Celsius.

Bilaspur has a hilly terrain. Whole district is situated in shivalik range of lower Himalayas. It is surrounded by hills on all sides. In south and west, it is bordered by Punjab. Summers are hot and winters are cold, with fog along banks of river <u>satluj</u>. Rainy season lasts from early July to mid September. Summers are hottest in month of May and June.

1.2 Topography

The Bilaspur district lies between 31°12′30″ and 31°35′45″ North latitude and between 76°23′45″ and 76°55′40″ East longitude in the outer hills of the Himalayas next to the Punjab plains and forms a part of the basin of river Satluj which flows meandering across it for about ninety kilometers. It covers an area of 1,167 sq. kms. Its boundaries touch Una, Hamirpur, Mandi and Solan districts. Satluj is the main river which passes through the middle of the district and divides it into almost equal parts.

1.3 Availability of Minerals.

Himachal Pradesh is blessed with mineral wealth. As per investigation of Geological Survey of India, the minerals available in Himachal Pradesh include limestone, byrytes, clays, mica, iron pyrites, salt, gypsum, slate, antimony and lead. The distribution of these minerals is scattered all over the State and includes lime stone in Bilaspur, Sirmaur and Kangra districts; salt and slates in Mandi District; gypsum in Rajban, Bharli Sirmour distt.; Lahaul & Spiti and Sapatu in Solan distt.; byryte in Sirmour, iron ore in Mandi and Kangra; and uranium in Kullu and Hamirpur districts.

PRODUCTION OF MINERAL 2010-11

S.NO.	NAME OF MINERAL	PRODUCTION in tones
		2010-2011
MAJOR M	INERAL	
1.	Limestone	3929750
2.	Shale	466723
MINOR		
1.	.Bajri	4263
2.	Sand	7985
3.	Rough stone	2175700

SOURCE: - DEPT. OF MINES & GEOLOGY.,

1.4 FOREST

As per latest State Forest Report of FSI, an area of 14,353 sq. km. is actual forest cover. This is constituted by 1,093 sq. km. of very dense forests, 7,883 sq. km. moderately dense and 5,377 sq. km. with open forests. In addition to this, 389 sq. km. area has been described as scrubs. Forest wealth of Himachal Pradesh is estimated at over Rs. 1,00,000 crore. Most of precious coniferous forests are of such nature that these cannot be truly regenerated by human beings if these are cut once. The State Government has imposed a complete ban on commercial felling and the only removals from the forests are either by way of timber distribution rights to the people or salvage extraction. Even the royalty from the silviculturally harvestable volume according to working plan prescriptions would presently be annually worth over Rs. 250 crore. However, the State Govt. has been denied of this financial resource for about two decades, primarily for preserving the fragile Himalayan ecology and environment to serve the national interests. Forests are an important resource of Himachal Pradesh. Although the area is classified as "Area under Forest" is 67 percent of the total area of the Pradesh, yet

Sr.No.		Area	Remarks
1	Geographical area of the State	55,673	
2	Area required under forest cover as per NFP 1988	37,115	Total culturable area under recorded forests is 20657 sq.km. For the purposes of policy requirements unculturable area forming vital eco-system and wildlife habitats shall also have to be considered
3	Forest area as per forest record	37,033	
4	Unculturable area	16,376	Includes under snow cover, permanent high altitude pastures, rocky mountains and above tree line (unfit for tree growth).
5	Culturable Area	20,657	
6	Very Dense Forest	1,093	Requires protection.
7	Moderately Dense Forest	7,883	Requires protection improvement in density.
8	Open Forest	5,377	Requires protection improvement in density.
9	Balance Culturable Area	6,304	Includes scrub, blank areas and areas covered by plantations, which are not picked up in the satellite imagery (say post 1980 plantations).
10	Plantations (Post 1980 till 2000-05)	6,557	Assumed to be fully surviving and left out of the satellite imagery.
11	Area under Scrubs	389	Requires conversion into useful forests.

The effective forest cover is much lower than this area, primarily on account of the fact that a very large area is either alpine meadows or is above the tree line.

In view of the above scenario, category wise break up for the area in Himachal Pradesh is as under

. Current scenario is described in the following table: -

(Area in Sq. Km.)

	(Area in Sq. Km.)
CATEGORY AREA IN	SQ. KM.
Total Geographical Area.	55,673
Area under alpine pasture including under permanent snow	16,376
Area over which forests can be raised/tree cover can be provided/	13,007
Area under management with the Forest Department	37,0033
Balance area.	20,657

1.5 Administrative set up.

Administra	ative Setup	Nos.	Nos.		
Sub-Divisions		2			
<u>Tehsils</u>		4			
Sub-Tehsils		2			
Development Bl	<u>ocks</u>	3			
<u>Panchayats</u>		151			
<u>Villages</u>		1080			
Sub-Divisions :	2				
1. Sadar	2. Ghumarwin				
Tehsils : 4					
1. Sadar	2. Ghumarwin	3. Jhandutta	4. Sh.Naina Devi Ji		
Sub-Tehsils : 2			-1		
1. Bharari		2. Namhol			
Development BI	ocks : 3				
1. Sadar	2. Ghumarwin	3. Jhandutta			
Panchayats :		151			
Villages :		1080			

2. <u>District at a glance</u>

.No	Particular	Year Geographical fe	Unit	Statistics
1				
(A)	Geographical Data			
	i) Latitude	2011	Degree	31° 12′ 30′′
				and 31 ⁰ 35′
	ii) Longitude	2011	Degree	45" North 76° 23' 45"
	Longitude	2011	Degree	and 76 ⁰ 55′
				40" East
	iii) Geographical Area	2011	Hectares	111776
(B)	Administrative Units			
	i) Sub divisions	2011		03
	ii) Tehsils	2011		4
	iii) Sub-Tehsil	2011		2
	iv) Patwar Circle	2011		73
	v) Panchayat Smites	2011		73
	vi)Nagar nigam	2011		1
	vii) Nagar Palika	2011		2
	viii) Gram Panchayats	2011		151
	xi) Revenue villages	2011		1061
	x) Assembly Area	2011		04
2. (A)		Populati	on	
(A)	Sex-wise			
	i) Male	2011	Nos	1,92,827
	ii) Female	2011	Nos	1,89,282
(B)	Rural Population	2011	Nos	318934
3.		Agricult	ure	
Α.	Land utilization			
	i) Total Area	2010-11	Hectare	1,12,135
	ii) Forest cover	2010-11	II	14013
	iii) Non Agriculture	2010-11	и	6263
	Land			
	v) cultivable Barren	2010-11	II	6059
	land			

4.	Forest						
	(i) Forest	2010- 11	На.	38572.08			
5.	Live	estock & l	Poultry	·			
A.	Cattle		•				
	i) Cows	2007	Nos.	945			
	ii) Buffaloes	2007	Nos.	100004			
B.	Other livestock						
	i) Goats	2007	Nos.	76033			
	ii) Pigs	2007	Nos.	950			
	iii) Dogs & Bitches	2007	Nos.	8437			
	iv) Railways						
	i) Length of rail line	2010- 11	Kms	00			
	V) Roads						
	(a) National Highway	2010- 11	Kms	109			
	(b) State Highway	2010- 11	Kms	85			
	(c) Main District Highway	2010- 11	Kms	83			
	(d) Other district & Rural Roads	2010- 11	Kms	504.106			
	(e) Rural road/ Agriculture Marketing Board Roads	2010- 11	Kms	691.932			
	(f) Kachacha Road	2010- 11	Kms	504.106			
	(VI) Communication						
	(a) Telephone connection	2010- 11	Nos.	17160			
	(b) Post offices	2010- 11	Nos.	146			
	(c) Telephone center	2010- 11	Nos.	41			

(1) = 1: 0			
(d)Density of	2010-	Nos./1000	14.70
Telephone	11	person	
(e) Density of Telephone	2010-	No. per KM.	19.81
	11		
(f) PCO Rural	2010-	No.	340
	11		
(g) PCO STD	2010-	No.	431
	11		
(h) Mobile	2010-	No.	154370
	11		
(VII) Public Health			
(a) Allopathic	2010-	No.	2
Hospital	11	No.	320
(b) Beds in			
Allopathic hospitals		No.	2
(c) Ayurvedic		No.	20
Hospital			
(d) Beds in		No.	1
Ayurvedic		No.	6
hospitals			
(e) Unani		No.	27
hospitals			
(f)Community health		No.	2
centers		No.	_
(g) Primary		No.	9
health centers			
(h) Dispensaries			
(i) Sub Health Centers			
(j)Private hospitals			
(VIII) Banking			
commercial			
(a) Commercial Bank	2012-	Nos.	54
(a) ssisisiai Bariit	13		
(b) rural Bank	2012-	Nos.	03
Products	13		
(c) Co-Operative	2012-	Nos.	29
bank products	13		
		I	I

(d) PLDB Branches	2012-	Nos.	01
	13		
(IX) Education			
(a) Primary school	2012-	Nos.	592
	13		
(b) Middle schools	2012-	Nos.	248
	13		
(c) Secondary & senior	2012-	Nos.	129
secondary schools	13		
(d) Colleges	2012-	Nos.	5
_	13		
(e) Technical University	2012-	Nos.	00
	13		

2.1 Existing Status of Industrial Areas in the district Bilaspur H.P.

Sr. No	Name of the Industri al area	Land acquire d (in hect.)	Land develope d (in hect.)	Prevailing Rate per sqm. (in Rs.)	No. of plot s	No. of plots allotte d	No. of vacan t plots	No. of units in productio n
1	Bilaspur	7.8	7.8	1500	83	83		50
2	Gawalth ai	51.39	51.39	908 1210(co m)	143	124	19	31

3 INDUSTRIAL SCENERIO OF BILASPUR

3.1 Industry at a Glance

Sr No	Head	Unit	Particulars
1	REGISTERED INDUSTRIAL UNIT	2315	INV.70.7417 Cr. EMP.8342
2	TOTAL INDUSTRIAL UNITS (WORKING)	1829	Investment 4875.61 Lac Employment 4302
3	REGISTERED MEDIUM AND LARGE SCALE UNITS	3	Investment 71001.88 Lac Employment 1167
4	ESTIMATED AVG. NO OF DAILY WORKERS EMPLOYED IN SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES	2.35	
5	EMPLOYMENT IN LARGE AND MEDIUM SCALE INDUSTRIES	1167	
6	NO OF INDUSTRIAL AREAS	2	
7	TURNOVER OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES	N.Av.	
8	TURNOVER OF LARGE AND MEDIUM SCALE INDUSTRIES	N. Av.	

3.2 YEAR WISE TREND OF UNITS REGISTERED

	YEAR	Number of registered units	Employment	Investment (lakh Rs.)
Up to	1984-85	1167	1167	2329.63
	1985-86	95	202	26.19
	1986-87	52	120	21.95
	1987-88	41	133	26.09
	1988-89	49	200	48.36
	1989-90	38	51	22.15
	1990-91	35	128	7.69
	1991-92	33	96	5.42
	1992-93	34	98	18.42
	1993-94	28	71	19.00
	1994-95	39	112	24.86
	1995-96	40	101	14.84
	1996-97	21	50	21.13
	1997-98	32	69	19.31
	1998-99	43	127	37.11
	1999-2000	43	139	73.48
	2000-01	41	119	42.40
	2001-02	50	179	107.19
	2002-03	42	124	60.73
	2003-04	39	178	92.98
	2004-05	58	181	110.56
	2005-06	50	150	82.72
	2006-07	45	186	400.71
	2007-08	40	119	186.33
	2008-09	40	121	379.20
	2009-10	41	143	1444.85
	2010-11	41	133	1067.03
	2011-12	40	101	383.87
	Total	2315	8342	7074.17

3.3 DETAILS OF EXISTING MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES AND ARTISAN UNITS IN THE DISTRICT

	Total	1829	4875.61	4302
	Kachori making			
01	Others	261	854.80	411
97	Repairing and servicing	191	254.18	420
36	Electrical machinery and transport equipment	-	-	-
35	Engineering units	-	-	-
33	Metal Based (steel fab)	108	490.52	265
32	Mineral based	3	16.71	38
30	Rubber plastic and petro based	23	105.27	112
31	Chemical and chemical based	4	86.86	22
29	Leather based	98	18.23	152
28	Paper and paper products	26	43.19	136
27	Wood/wooden based furniture	267	297.73	671
26	Readymade garments & Embroidery	33	45.43	158
25	Jute and Jute based	-	-	-
24	Woolen ,silk & artificial Thread based cloths	143	16.86	143
23	Cotton textile	-	-	-
22	Soda water	-	-	-
20	Agro based	166	671.51	1600
NIC CODE NO	TYPE OF INDUSTRY	NUMBER OF UNITS	INVESTMENT (Lakh Rs)	EMPLOYMENT

3.4 Large Scale Industries/Public sector undertakings List of units in Distt. Bilaspur

- 1. ACC Limited, Gaggal Cement Works Unit I and II,PO Barmana, Distt. Bilaspur H.P.
- 2. Suraj Fabrics (Steel div.) Industrial Area Gawalthai, Distt. Bilaspur H.P.
- 3. SPS Steel and Power Limited Industrial Area Gawalthai, Distt. Bilaspur H.P.

3.9.2 Potential areas for service industries

Bilaspur, Barmana, Ghumarwin, Birthin Talai, Nauni, Kothipura

3.7 Potential for new MSMEs

Maize based, Fruits & vegetables processing, Wooden and steel furniture

5. General Issues raised by Industry association during the course of meeting

- 1. Truck union problem in I.A. Gawalthai
- 2. Labour union problem in I.A.Gwalthai
- 3. Non availability of skilled labour

* . STEPS TO SET UP MSMEs

Following are the brief description of different agencies for rendering assistance to

the entrepreneurs.

SI.No	Type of assistance	Name and address of agencies
1.	Provisional Registration Certificate (EM-1) & Permanent Registration Certificate (EM-II)	G.M., DIC, Bilaspur
2.	Identification of Project Profiles, techno- economic and managerial consultancy services, market survey and economic survey reports.	i) MSME-Development Institute, Solan
3.	Land and Industrial shed	i) G.M., DIC, Bilaspur
4.	Financial Assistance	 i) All Commercial Banks in the District ii) Private Banks iii) Cooperative and Gramin Banks iv) ADO, KVIB, Bilaspur v) Distt. Manager, SC/ST Development Corp., Bilaspur
5.	For raw materials under Govt. Supply	i) HPSSI & DC, Bilaspur, Director of Industries,
6.	Plant and machinery under hire / purchase basis.	NSIC, Chandigarh
7.	Power/ Electricity	HP State Electricity Board
8.	Technical Know –how.	i) MSME-Development Institute, Solan
9.	Quality & Standard	i) Director, Bureau of IndianStandard, Parwanoo.ii) NRTC, Parwanoo
10.	Marketing /Export Assistance	i) Director of Industries, Bilaspurii) MSME Development Institute, Chambaghat, Solan